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### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's o	or agent's	ile refer	ence	FOR FURTHER			on of Transmittal of Ir camination Report (F	nternational form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.				International filing dat	o (dou/month à co		Priority date (day/mo	nth/(ear)
	• •	n NO.		International filing dat	e (day/month/ye	·	28/04/1997	nuvyear)
PCT/EP9			<u>·</u>	27/04/1998				
nternationa C12N15/		assifica	tion (IPC) or na	tional classification and	IPC		·	
Applicant								
APPLIED	RESEA	RCH S	SYSTEMS A	RS HOLDING N.V	et al.			
				ination report has be according to Article 3		y this Intern	ational Preliminary	y Examining Authorit
2. This F	REPORT	consist	s of a total of	4 sheets, including	this cover shee	et.		
b	een amei	ded ar	nd are the bas	d by ANNEXES, i.e. sis for this report and 07 of the Administrat	or sheets con	taining recti	fications made be	wings which have fore this Authority
<u></u> .				<b>2</b>				
These	annexe:	consis	st of a total of	6 sheets.				
						*		
1	⊠ Ba	sis of tl	idications rela	ating to the following	items:			
П	☐ Pri	-						
111				pinion with regard to	novelty, inven	itive step ar	id industrial applic	ability
١V			nity of invention					
V	⊠ Re cit	asoned Itions a	d statement u and explanati	nder Article 35(2) wit ons suporting such s	th regard to not tatement	velty, invent	ive step or industi	rial applicability;
VI	□ Ce	rtain d	ocuments cit	ed				
VII				nternational applicati				
VIII	⊠ C∈	rtain ol	oservations o	n the international ap	pplication			
					12			
Date of sub	mission of	the den	nand	•	Date of cor	mpletion of th		nc 99
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Name and preliminary			the international	ai	Authorized	officer		SEPTEMBER!
<u></u>	Europea					•		
<i><u> </u></i>	D-80298 Tel. (+49			66 epmu d	Vollbach	, S		THAT S.
Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0 Tx: 523656 epm				1	No (140 80)	0000 0745	13 37 HAC - 3015	

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/EP98/02490

I. Bas	is of	the	report
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1.	Das	is of the report				
1.	resp	oonse to an invitation	rawn on the basis of (substitut on under Article 14 are referred o not contain amendments.):	e sheets which d to in this repo	n have been furnished ort as "originally filed" o	I to the receiving Office in and are not annexed to
	Des	cription, pages:				
	1-70	)	as originally filed			
	Clai	ims, No.:				
	1-31	·	as received on	14/05/1999	with letter of	11/05/1999
	Dra	wings, sheets:				•
	1/20	0-20/20	as originally filed			
2	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of	<b>f</b> .		
۲.				•		
		the description,	pages:			
		the claims,	Nos.:	·		
		the drawings,	sheets:			
3.		This report has be considered to go b	een established as if (some of) beyond the disclosure as filed	the amendmei (Rule 70.2(c)):	nts had not been mad	le, since they have been
4.	Ado	litional observation	s, if necessary:			
111.	. Nor	n-establishment o	f opinion with regard to nove	elty, inventive	step and industrial	applicability
			e claimed invention appears to able have not been examined		nvolve an inventive ste	ep (to be non-obvious),
		the entire internat	ional application.			
	×	claims Nos. 21-31	l.			

because:



	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination ( <i>specify</i> ):
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):
Ø	the claims, or said claims Nos. 21-31 are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.
	no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos

# V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

#### 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1,6

No:

Claims 2-5,7-15

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: No: Claims

Claims 1,6,16-20

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 1-20

No:

Claims

#### 2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

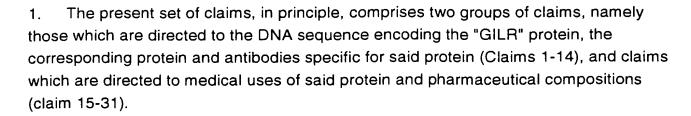
#### VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Boxes I-VIII, Sheet 2) (January 1994)

EXAMINATION REPORT—SEPARATE SHEET



As far as the first group is concerned, at least, in the present form, they are not new and/or inventive. In fact, the "GILR" protein which belong to the leucine zipper family" has a high degree of homology with other members of said family (see e.g. D1= J. Biol Chem. vol. 267 (15), Shibanuma et al., 1992; and D2= Biochem Biophys Res Commun, vol. 222 (3), Jay et al., 1996) respectively to proteins which are not known to belong to said family (See D3=EUR J Biochem, vol. 216 (2), Sillard et al. 1993). Therefore present claims 2-5,7-15 of said group insofar as they refer to "derivatives, parts sequences defined by the capability to hybridize to a specific DNA sequence" are not novel in view of D1-D3.

As far as the second group of claims is concerned several objections apply. First, general applications or uses (i.e claims 15-20) cannot be regarded inventive since they are obvious in view of the known characteristics of the members of the leucine zipper family (D1-D2). Second with regard to more specific uses, it has to be mentioned that these specific uses are merely based on some preliminary results which are considered insufficient to proof that the protein indeed can be successfully applied for the indicated purposes. Therefore said claims are not sufficiently supported by experimental data in this respect, but are merely based on speculations. This clearly contravenes the requirements of Article 6 PCT.

Moreover, claim 15 is drafted in the form "use of protein GILR in the preparation 2. of a medicament for inhibiting apoptosis". Most of the other claims merely refer to different forms of applying said protein or the DNA. Thus it is questionable whether said claims have any influence or relevance on the scope of "basic" claim 1.

#### CLAIMS

1. A DNA sequence comprising the DNA sequence SEQ ID NO: 1 and encoding a glucocorticoid-induced leucine-zipper family related protein (GILR).

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- 2. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of :
  - (a) a cDNA sequence derived from the coding region of a native GILR protein;
- (b) DNA sequences capable of hybridization to a sequence of (a) under stringent conditions and which encode a biologically active GILR protein; and
- (c) DNA sequences which are degenerate as a result of the genetic code to the DNA sequences defined in (a) and (b) and which encode a biologically active GILR protein.
- 3. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising at least part of the DNA sequence SEQ ID NO: 1 and encoding at least one active GILR protein.
  - 4. A DNA sequence according to claim 3 encoding a GILR protein comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 5. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising at least part of the DNA sequence SEQ ID NO: 5 and encoding at least one active human GILR protein
  - 6. ADNA sequence according to claim 5 encoding a human GILR protein comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 6.

- 7. A vector comprising a DNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6.
- 8. A vector according to claim 7 capable of being expressed in a eukaryotic host cell.
- 30 9. A vector according to claim 7 capable of being expressed in a prokaryotic host cell.



- 10. Transformed eukaryotic or prokaryotic host cells containing a vector according to any one of claims 7-9.
- 11. A GILR protein or derivatives thereof encoded by a DNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6, said protein and derivatives thereof being capable of inhibiting apoptosis and stimulating lymphocyte activity.
  - 12. A GILR protein and derivatives thereof according to claim 11, wherein said protein and derivatives have at least part of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2 or of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 5.

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- 13. Process for the preparation the GILR protein or derivatives thereof according to claim 11 or 12, comprising growing the transformed host cells according to claim 12 under conditions suitable for the expression of said proteins, effecting post-translational modifications as necessary for obtaining of said protein or derivatives and isolating said expressed protein or derivatives.
- 14. Antibodies or active fragments or derivatives thereof, specific for the GILR protein or derivatives according to claim 11 or 12.
- 15. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for the inhibition of apoptosis in cells, mediated by the Fas/FasL system, CD3/TCR system or other intracellular mediators of apoptosis, comprising treating said cells with one or more GILR proteins or derivatives according to claim 11 or 12, wherein said treating of said cells comprises introducing into said cells said one or more proteins or derivatives in a form suitable for intracellular introduction thereof, or introducing into said cells a DNA sequence encoding said one or more proteins or derivatives in the form of a suitable vector carrying said sequence, said vector being capable of effecting the insertion of said sequence into said cells in a way that said sequence is expressed in said cells.

- 16. Use according to claim 15, wherein said treating of cells comprises introducing into said cells a DNA sequence encoding said GILR protein or derivatives in the form of a suitable vector carrying said sequence, said vector being capable of effecting the insertion of said sequence into said cells in a way that said sequence is expressed in said cells.
- 17. Use according to claim 15 or 16 wherein said treating of said cells is by transfection of said cells with a recombinant animal virus vector comprising the steps of:
- (a) constructing a recombinant animal virus vector carrying a sequence encoding a viral surface protein (ligand) that is capable of binding to a specific cell surface receptor on the surface of said cells to be treated and a second sequence encoding a protein selected from the GILR protein and derivatives according to claim 9 or 10, that when expressed in said cells is capable of inhibiting apoptosis; and
  - (b) infecting said cells with said vector of (a).

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- 15 18. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity if GILR proteins in said cells, comprising treating said cells with antibodies or active fragments or derivatives thereof, according to claim 14, said treating being by application of a suitable composition containing said antibodies, active fragments or derivatives thereof to said cells.
  - 19. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising treating said cells with an oligonucleotide sequence encoding an antisense sequence for at least part of the DNA sequence encoding a GILR protein according to any one of claims 1-6, said oligonucleotide sequence being capable of blocking the expression of the GILR protein.
- 20. Use according to claim 19 wherein said oligonucleotide sequence is introduced to said cells via a virus of claim 17 wherein said second sequence of said virus encodes said oligonucleotide sequence.

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- 21. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating tumor cells or HIV-infected cells or other diseased cells, to enhance apoptosis in said cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising:
- (a) constructing a recombinant animal virus vector carrying a sequence encoding a viral surface protein capable of binding to a specific tumor cell surface receptor or HIV-infected cell surface receptor or receptor carried by other diseased cells and a sequence encoding an inactive GILR mutant protein, said mutant protein, when expressed in said tumor, HIV-infected, or other diseased cell is capable of inhibiting the activity of normal endogenous GILR and enhancing apoptosis in said cells; and
- (b) infecting said tumor or HIV-infected cells or other diseased cells with said vector of (a);
- 15 22. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising applying the ribozyme procedure in which a vector encoding a ribozyme sequence capable of interacting with a cellular mRNA sequence encoding a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12, is introduced into said cells in a form that permits expression of said ribozyme sequence in said cells, and wherein when said ribozyme sequence is expressed in said cells it interacts with said cellular mRNA sequence and cleaves said mRNA sequence resulting in the inhibition of expression of said GILR protein in said cells.
- 23. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising introducing into said cells a peptide that is capable of binding the normal endogenous GILR in said cells and inhibiting its activity thereby enhancing apoptosis.

Committee Committee

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24. A process for isolating and identifying proteins, according to claim 11 or 12, which are GILR-like proteins belonging to the leucine zipper family or are proteins capable of binding directly to GILR, comprising applying the yeast two-hybrid procedure in which a sequence encoding said GILR is carried by one hybrid vector and sequence from a cDNA or genomic DNA library is carried by the second hybrid vector, the vectors then being used to transform yeast host cells and the positive transformed cells being isolated, followed by extraction of the said second hybrid vector to obtain a sequence encoding a protein which binds to said GILR.

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- 10 25. The use according to any one of claims 15-23 wherein said protein is at least one of the GILR proteins and derivatives thereof.
  - 26. A pharmaceutical composition for the inhibition of apoptosis in cells or for stimulating lymphocyte activation, comprising, as active ingredient, at least one GILR protein, according to claim 11 or 12, its biologically active derivatives or mixtures thereof.
  - 27. A pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting apoptosis in cells or for stimulating lymphocyte activation comprising, as active ingredient, a recombinant animal virus vector encoding a protein capable of binding a cell surface receptor and encoding at least one GILR protein or derivatives according to claim 11 or 12.
  - 28. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising as active ingredient, an oligonucleotide sequence encoding an anti-sense sequence of the GILR protein mRNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6.
  - 29. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising, as active ingredient, an inactive mutant GILR protein or DNA sequence encoding said inactive mutant GILR protein, which GILR mutant, when

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introduced into, or expressed in, said cells inhibits the activity of the normal endogenous GILR protein.

- 30. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising, as active ingredient, a peptide capable of binding to the active site or the leucine zipper domain of GILR and thereby inhibiting normal endogenous GILR activity in cells.
  - 31. A GILR protein, according to any one of claims 11 or 12, for use as a medicament.

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To:

PIERACCIOLI, Daniele Istituto Farmacologico Serono SpA Via Casilina, 125 I-00176 Rome ITALIE

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT** (PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

2 2.06.99

Applicant's or agent's file reference

WO/348

PCT/EP98/02490

International application No.

International filing date (day/month/year)

27/04/1998

Priority date (day/month/year)

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

28/04/1997

Applicant

APPLIED RESEARCH SYSTEMS ARS HOLDING N.V et al.

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

#### 4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and fumish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/

**European Patent Office** D-80298 Munich

Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0 Tx: 523656 epmu d

Fax: (+49-89) 2399-4465

Authorized officer

Vullo, C

Tel.(+49-89) 2399-8061





# **PCT**

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's WO/348	or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION		Transmittal of International nation Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
	l application No.	International filing date (day/month		y date (day/month/year)		
PCT/EP9	8/02490	27/04/1998	28/0	4/1997		
Internationa C12N15/	l Patent Classification (IPC) or n 12	ational classification and IPC				
Applicant		ADC LIGHTING N.V. et al.				
APPLIED	HESEARCH SYSTEMS	ARS HOLDING N.V et al.				
	nternational preliminary exar transmitted to the applicant		by this Internation	nal Preliminary Examining Authority		
2. This F	REPORT consists of a total of	f 4 sheets, including this cover s	heet.			
b	een amended and are the ba	ed by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the asis for this report and/or sheets of the Administrative Instruction.	containing rectificat	ions made before this Authority		
These	annexes consist of a total o	of 6 sheets.				
3. This r	eport contains indications re	lating to the following items:				
1	Basis of the report					
11	☐ Priority					
III	Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, in	entive step and inc	dustrial applicability		
IV	Lack of unity of invent	ion				
٧		under Article 35(2) with regard to ions suporting such statement	novelty, inventive s	step or industrial applicability;		
VI	☐ Certain documents ci	ted				
VII	VII   Certain defects in the international application					
VIII	VIII 🛮 Certain observations on the international application					
Date of sub	Date of submission of the demand  Date of completion of this report					
Date of submission of the demand  2 2.06. 99  12/11/1998						
	mailing address of the internation examining authority:	nal Authoriz	zed officer	Controls Military		
<u></u>	European Patent Office D-80298 Munich - Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0 Tx: 5236	Vollba	ch, S	State		
Fax: (+49-89) 2399-4465 Telephone No. (+49-89) 2399 8715						

### **INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/EP98/02490

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l. Basis of ther	eport
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1.	res	oonse to an invitatio	lrawn on the basis of (substitute on under Article 14 are referred to not contain amendments.):			_
	Des	scription, pages:				
	1-7	0	as originally filed			
	Cla	ims, No.:				
	1-3	1	as received on	14/05/1999	with letter of	11/05/1999
	Dra	wings, sheets:				
	1/20	0-20/20	as originally filed			
2.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:			
		the description,	pages:			
		the claims,	Nos.:			
		the drawings,	sheets:			
3.			een established as if (some of) the peyond the disclosure as filed (F		nts had not been made	e, since they have been
					1	
4.	Ado	litional observations	s, if necessary:			
H.	Nor	n-establishment of	f opinion with regard to novel	y, inventive	step and industrial a	pplicability
			e claimed invention appears to bable have not been examined in		volve an inventive ste	p (to be non-obvious),
		the entire internati	ional application.			
	⊠	claims Nos. 21-31				

because:

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/EP98/02490

	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination ( <i>specify</i> ):			
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):			
⊠	the claims, or said claims Nos. 21-31 are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.			
	no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos			
R asoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				

# ٧.

#### 1. Statement

Novelty (N) Yes: Claims 1,6

> Claims 2-5,7-15 No:

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims

> No: Claims 1,6,16-20

Industrial applicability (IA) Claims 1-20 Yes:

> Claims No:

#### 2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

#### VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separat sheet

**\_:** .

The present set of claims, in principle, comprises two groups of claims, namely those which are directed to the DNA sequence encoding the "GILR" protein, the corresponding protein and antibodies specific for said protein (Claims 1-14), and claims which are directed to medical uses of said protein and pharmaceutical compositions (claim 15-31).

As far as the first group is concerned, at least, in the present form, they are not new and/or inventive. In fact, the "GILR" protein which belong to the leucine zipper family" has a high degree of homology with other members of said family (see e.g. D1= J. Biol Chem, vol. 267 (15), Shibanuma et al., 1992; and D2= Biochem Biophys Res Commun, vol. 222 (3), Jay et al., 1996) respectively to proteins which are not known to belong to said family (See D3=EUR J Biochem, vol. 216 (2), Sillard et al. 1993). Therefore present claims 2-5,7-15 of said group insofar as they refer to "derivatives, parts sequences defined by the capability to hybridize to a specific DNA sequence" are not novel in view of D1-D3.

As far as the second group of claims is concerned several objections apply. First, general applications or uses (i.e claims 15-20) cannot be regarded inventive since they are obvious in view of the known characteristics of the members of the leucine zipper family (D1-D2). Second with regard to more specific uses, it has to be mentioned that these specific uses are merely based on some preliminary results which are considered insufficient to proof that the protein indeed can be successfully applied for the indicated purposes. Therefore said claims are not sufficiently supported by experimental data in this respect, but are merely based on speculations. This clearly contravenes the requirements of Article 6 PCT.

2. Moreover, claim 15 is drafted in the form "use of protein GILR in the preparation of a medicament for inhibiting apoptosis". Most of the other claims merely refer to different forms of applying said protein or the DNA. Thus it is questionable whether said claims have any influence or relevance on the scope of "basic" claim 1.

Category :	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
	- socialism, with indication, where appropriate, or the relevant passages	Helevant to claim No.
	JAY P ET AL: "Cloning of the human homologue of the TGF beta-stimulated clone 22 gene." BIOCHEM BIOPHYS RES COMMUN, MAY 24 1996, 222 (3) P821-6, XP002038877 UNITED STATES see abstract see page 823, paragraph 3; figure 1 see page 10222, left-hand column, paragraph 3	1-14,31
X	KING LB ET AL: "A targeted glucocorticoid receptor antisense transgene increases thymocyte apoptosis and alters thymocyte development."  IMMUNITY, NOV 1995, 3 (5) P647-56, XP002038878  UNITED STATES see the whole document	1,2, 7-11,13, 14,18, 28,30,31
x	BARRETT, THOMAS J. ET AL: "Coordinate Regulation of Glucocorticoid Receptor and c- jun Gene Expression Is Cell Type-Specific and Exhibits Differential Hormonal Sensitivity for Down- and Up-Regulation" BIOCHEMISTRY (1996), 35(30), 9746-9753 CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960, XP002038879 see the whole document	1,2, 7-11, 13-15, 25,26, 30,31
A	YANG, YILI ET AL: "Fas and activation-induced Fas ligand mediate apoptosis of T cell hybridomas: inhibition of Fas ligand expression by retinoic acid and glucocorticoids"  J. EXP. MED. (1995), 181(5), 1673-82  CODEN: JEMEAV; ISSN: 0022-1007, XP002038880 see the whole document	1,2,7-9, 13-15, 26,30,31
A	FENG, ZHIWEI ET AL: "Glucocorticoid and progesterone inhibit involution and programmed cell death in the mouse mammary gland"  J. CELL BIOL. (1995), 131(4), 1095-103  CODEN: JCLBA3; ISSN: 0021-9525, XP002038881 see the whole document	1,2, 7-11, 13-15, 26,30,31
A	KATO, TOMOYUKI ET AL: "Inhibition by dexamethasone of human neutrophil apoptosis in vitro" NAT. IMMUN. (1996), VOLUME DATE 1995, 14(4), 198-208 CODEN: NAIMEL; ISSN: 1018-8916, XP002038882 see the whole document	1,2,5-9, 11-13, 24,28,29
	/	

C.(Continu	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category <sup>7</sup>	Citation of document, with indication,where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	SILLARD R ET AL: "A novel 77-residue peptide from porcine brain contains a leucine-zipper motif and is recognized by an antiserum to delta-sleep-inducing peptide."  EUR J BIOCHEM, SEP 1 1993, 216 (2) P429-36, XP002078135  GERMANY see the whole document	1,3-6,12
Ρ,Χ	DADAMIO F ET AL: "A new dexamethasone-induced gene of the leucine zipper family protects T lymphocytes from TCR/CD3-activated cell death" IMMUNITY, 1997, 7, 803-812, XP002078136 see the whole document	1-31
T	JEHN BM ET AL: "Gene regulation associated with apoptosis" CRITICAL REVIEWS IN EUKARYOTIC GENE EXPRESSION, 1997, 06-7, 179-193, XP002038883 see page 181 - page 185 see page 187 - page 189	1,2, 7-11, 13-15, 26,30,31
T	OHTA S ET AL: "Mechanism of apoptotic cell death of human gastric carcinoma cells mediated by transforming growth factor beta" BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, 06-1997, 324, 777-782, XP002038884 see the whole document	1-31

# PALENT COOPERATION TREAL.

	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU				
PCT	То:				
NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION	United States Patent and Trademark				
(DOT D. L. C1 O)	Office				
(PCT Rule 61.2)	(Box PCT) Crystal Plaza 2				
	Washington, DC 20231				
	ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE				
Date of mailing (day/month/year)	in its capacity as elected Office				
30 November 1998 (30.11.98)	in its capacity as elected Office				
International application No.	Applicant's or agent's file reference				
PCT/EP98/02490	WO/348				
International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)				
27 April 1998 (27.04.98)	28 April 1997 (28.04.97)				
Applicant					
RICCARDI, Carlo					
The designated Office is hereby notified of its election mad	e.				
X in the demand filed with the International Preliminar	y Examining Authority on:				
12 November	1998 (12.11.98)				
in a notice effecting later election filed with the Interi	national Bureau on:				
<del></del>					
2. The election X was					
Z. The election X was					
was not					
made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority	date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under				
Rule 32.2(b).					
	• •				
The International Bureau of WIPO	Authorized officer				
34, chemin des Colombettes	Athina Nickitas-Etienne				
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	T-l1 N (41 00) 000 00 00				
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38				

### PCT

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(30) Priority Data:





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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): APPLIED RESEARCH SYSTEMS ARS HOLDING N.V. [NL/NL]; John B. Gorsiraweg 14, Curacao (AN).

(72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): RICCARDI, Carlo [IT/IT]; Via Del Favarone, 37, I-06100 Perugia (IT).

(74) Agent: PIERACCIOLI, Daniele; Istituto Farmacologico Serono S.p.A., Via Casilina, 125, I-00176 Rome (IT).

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(54) Title: INTRACELLULAR GLUCOCORTICOID-INDUCED LEUCINE ZIPPERS MODULATORS OF APOPTIC CELL DEATH **PATHWAYS** 

#### (57) Abstract

A DNA sequence encoding a glucocorticoid-induced leuc'ine-zipper family related protein (GILR), isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof, said GILR, isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof capable of inhibiting apoptosis and stimulating lymphocyte activity, GILR proteins, isoforms, analogs, fragments and derivatives thereof encoded by the aforesaid DNA sequence, their preparation and uses.

# INTERMITIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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C. DOCUM	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the releva	nt passages	Relevant to claim No.
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A	YANG, YILI ET AL: "Fas and activation-induced Fas ligand mediate apoptosis of T cell hybridomas: inhibition of Fas ligand expression by retinoic acid and glucocorticoids"  J. EXP. MED. (1995), 181(5), 1673-82 CODEN: JEMEAV; ISSN: 0022-1007, XP002038880 see the whole document	1,2,7-9, 13-15, 26,30,31
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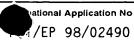
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(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicable or agent's file reference	FOR FURTILED, see Notification of	of Transmittal of International Search Report
Applicant's or agent's file reference	(Form PCT/ISA/2	220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
W0/348	ACTION	
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
PCT/EP 98/02490 \	27/04/1998	28/04/1997
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This International Search Report has be according to Article 18. A copy is being t	en prepared by this International Searching Autl ransmitted to the International Bureau.	hority and is transmitted to the applicant
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1. Certain claims were found u	nsearchable(see Box I).	•
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6. The figure of the <b>drawings</b> to be put	blished with the abstract is:	
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CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C 6 C12N15/12 C07k G01N33/50 A61K38/17 A61K48/00 IPC 6 C07K14/47 C12N5/10 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 C07K Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Catégory <sup>c</sup> Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X SHIBANUMA M ET AL: "Isolation of a gene 1-14,31encoding a putative leucine zipper structure that is induced by transforming growth factor beta 1 and other growth factors." J BIOL CHEM, MAY 25 1992, 267 (15). P10219-24, XP002038876 UNITED STATES see abstract see page 10222, left-hand column, paragraph 3; figure 5 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the considered to be of particular relevance invention earlier document but published on or after the international document of particular relevance; the claimed invention filing date cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or document is combined with one or more other such docu ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but

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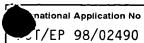
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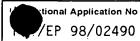
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**CLAIMS** 

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- 1. A DNA sequence encoding a glucocorticoid-induced leucine-zipper family related protein (GILR), isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof, said GILR, isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof capable of inhibiting apoptosis and stimulating lymphocyte activity.
- 2. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of :
  - (a) a cDNA sequence derived from the coding region of a native GILR protein;
- (b) DNA sequences capable of hybridization to a sequence of (a) under moderately stringent conditions and which encode a biologically active GILR protein; and
  - (c) DNA sequences which are degenerate as a result of the genetic code to the DNA sequences defined in (a) and (b) and which encode a biologically active GILR protein.
  - 3. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising at least part of the DNA sequence SEQ ID NO: 1 and encoding at least one active GILR protein, isoform, analog or fragment
- 4. A DNA sequence according to claim 3 encoding a GILR protein, isoform, analog or fragment having at least part of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2.
  - 5. A DNA sequence according to claim 1 or claim 2 comprising at least part of the DNA sequence SEQ ID NO: 5 and encoding at least one active human GILR protein, isoform, analog or fragment.
  - 6. A DNA sequence according to claim 5 encoding a human GILR protein, isoform, analog or fragment having at least part of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 7. A vector comprising a DNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6.

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- 8. A vector according to claim 7 capable of being expressed in a eukaryotic host cell.
- 9. A vector according to claim 7 capable of being expressed in a prokaryotic host cell.
- 5 10. Transformed eukaryotic or prokaryotic host cells containing a vector according to any one of claims 7-9.
  - 11. A GILR protein, isoform, fragment, functional analogs or derivatives thereof encoded by a DNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6, said protein, isoform, fragment, analogs and derivatives thereof being capable of inhibiting apoptosis and stimulating lymphocyte activity.

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- 12. A GILR protein, isoform, fragment, analogs and derivatives thereof according to claim 11, wherein said protein, isoform, analogs, fragments and derivatives have at least part of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 2 or of the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 5.
  - 13. Process for the preparation the GILR protein, isoform, fragment, analogs or derivatives thereof according to claim 11 or 12, comprising growing the transformed host cells according to claim 12 under conditions suitable for the expression of said protein, analogs or derivatives, effecting post-translational modifications as necessary for obtaining of said protein, fragments, analogs or derivatives and isolating said expressed protein, fragments, analogs or derivatives.
- 25 14. Antibodies or active fragments or derivatives thereof, specific for the GILR protein, isoform, fragment, analogs or derivatives according to claim 11 or 12.
  - 15. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for the inhibition of apoptosis in cells, mediated by the Fas/FasL system, CD3/TCR system or other intracellular mediators of apoptosis, comprising treating said cells with one or more GILR proteins, isoforms, analogs, fragments or derivatives

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according to claim 11 or 12, wherein said treating of said cells comprises introducing into said cells said one or more proteins, isoforms, analogs, fragments or derivatives in a form suitable for intracellular introduction thereof, or introducing into said cells a DNA sequence encoding said one or more proteins, isoforms, analogs, fragments or derivatives in the form of a suitable vector carrying said sequence, said vector being capable of effecting the insertion of said sequence into said cells in a way that said sequence is expressed in said cells.

- 16. Use according to claim 15, wherein said treating of cells comprises introducing into said cells a DNA sequence encoding said GILR protein, isoforms, analogs, fragments or derivatives in the form of a suitable vector carrying said sequence, said vector being capable of effecting the insertion of said sequence into said cells in a way that said sequence is expressed in said cells.
- 15 17. Use according to claim 15 or 16 wherein said treating of said cells is by transfection of said cells with a recombinant animal virus vector comprising the steps of:
  - (a) constructing a recombinant animal virus vector carrying a sequence encoding a viral surface protein (ligand) that is capable of binding to a specific cell surface receptor on the surface of said cells to be treated and a second sequence encoding a protein selected from the GILR protein, isoforms, analogs, fragments and derivatives according to claim 9 or 10, that when expressed in said cells is capable of inhibiting apoptosis; and
    - (b) infecting said cells with said vector of (a).
  - 18. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity if GILR proteins in said cells, comprising treating said cells with antibodies or active fragments or derivatives thereof, according to claim 14, said treating being by application of a suitable composition containing said antibodies, active fragments or derivatives thereof to said cells.

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19. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising treating said cells with an oligonucleotide sequence encoding an antisense sequence for at least part of the DNA sequence encoding a GILR protein according to any one of claims 1-6, said oligonucleotide sequence being capable of blocking the expression of the GILR protein.

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- 20. Use according to claim 19 wherein said oligonucleotide sequence is introduced to said cells via a virus of claim 17 wherein said second sequence of said virus encodes said oligonucleotide sequence.
- 21. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating tumor cells or HIV-infected cells or other diseased cells, to enhance apoptosis in said cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising:
- (a) constructing a recombinant animal virus vector carrying a sequence encoding a viral surface protein capable of binding to a specific tumor cell surface receptor or HIV-infected cell surface receptor or receptor carried by other diseased cells and a sequence encoding an inactive GILR mutant protein, said mutant protein, when expressed in said tumor, HIV-infected, or other diseased cell is capable of inhibiting the activity of normal endogenous GILR and enhancing apoptosis in said cells; and
- (b) infecting said tumor or HIV-infected cells or other diseased cells with said vector of (a).
- 25 22. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising applying the ribozyme procedure in which a vector encoding a ribozyme sequence capable of interacting with a cellular mRNA sequence encoding a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12, is introduced into said cells in a form that permits expression of said ribozyme sequence in said cells, and wherein when said ribozyme sequence is expressed in said cells it interacts with said cellular mRNA

sequence and cleaves said mRNA sequence resulting in the inhibition of expression of said GILR protein in said cells.

- 23. Use of a GILR protein according to claim 11 or 12 in the manufacture of a medicament for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting the activity of GILR proteins in said cells, comprising introducing into said cells a peptide that is capable of binding the normal endogenous GILR in said cells and inhibiting its activity thereby enhancing apoptosis.
- 24. A process for isolating and identifying proteins, according to claim 11 or 12, which are GILR-like proteins belonging to the leucine zipper family or are proteins capable of binding directly to GILR, comprising applying the yeast two-hybrid procedure in which a sequence encoding said GILR is carried by one hybrid vector and sequence from a cDNA or genomic DNA library is carried by the second hybrid vector, the vectors then being used to transform yeast host cells and the positive transformed cells being isolated, followed by extraction of the said second hybrid vector to obtain a sequence encoding a protein which binds to said GILR.
- 25. The use according to any one of claims 15-23 wherein said protein is at least one of the GILR isoforms, analogs, fragments and derivatives thereof.
  - 26. A pharmaceutical composition for the inhibition of apoptosis in cells or for stimulating lymphocyte activation, comprising, as active ingredient, at least one GILR protein, according to claim 11 or 12, its biologically active fragments, analogs, derivatives or mixtures thereof.

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27. A pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting apoptosis in cells or for stimulating lymphocyte activation comprising, as active ingredient, a recombinant animal virus vector encoding a protein capable of binding a cell surface receptor and encoding at least one GILR protein, isoform, active fragments or analogs, according to claim 11 or 12.

28. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising as active ingredient, an oligonucleotide sequence encoding an anti-sense sequence of the GILR protein mRNA sequence according to any one of claims 1-6.

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- 29. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising, as active ingredient, an inactive mutant GILR protein or DNA sequence encoding said inactive mutant GILR protein, which GILR mutant, when introduced into, or expressed in, said cells inhibits the activity of the normal endogenous GILR protein.
- 30. A pharmaceutical composition for enhancing apoptosis in cells by inhibiting GILR activity in said cells, comprising, as active ingredient, a peptide capable of binding to the active site or the leucine zipper domain of GILR and thereby inhibiting normal endogenous GILR activity in cells.
- 31. A GILR protein, according to any one of claims 11 or 12, for use as a medicament.

### **ABSTRACT**

A DNA sequence encoding a glucocorticoid-induced leucine-zipper family related protein (GILR), isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof, said GILR, isoforms, fragments or analogs thereof capable of inhibiting apoptosis and stimulating lymphocyte activity, GILR proteins, isoforms, analogs, fragments and derivatives thereof encoded by the aforesaid DNA sequence, their preparation and uses.

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